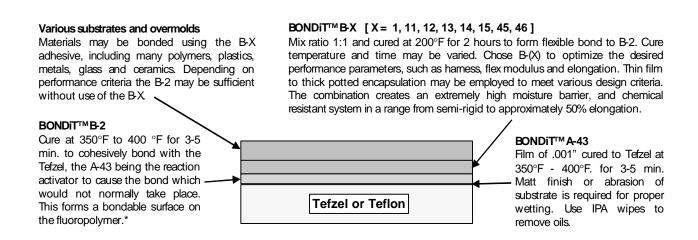


## Bonding Tefzel and Teflon Using BONDiT™ A-43 and BONDiT B-2



## Example application sealing electrical cables, electronic housings, and acoustic devices with extremely high moisture and chemical resistant barrier

- Prep the fluoropolymer wire and cable with A-43/B-2 to form a single primer system for all cable material surfaces. This includes wires with insulation prestripped.
- Prep the electronic module fluoropolymer housing and terminals. Note the A-43/B-2 is solder through, so the terminals can be primed before the electronics is attached.
- Prep the fluoropolymer film for the ceramic acoustic device window with A-43/B-2.
- Most fluoropolymer insulation materials will handle up to 400°F without melting.
  The melt is typically above 420°F+. Insulation melting is not necessarily a problem, since the B-2 is a high dielectric even in its melt state—above 65°C.
- After system assembly, pot the B-(X) direct over the B-2 and cure below 180°F limit for electronic components. The system is now high pressure sealed from moisture with a flexible breakout.
- Overmold acoustic grade polyurethane as needed to the B-2 for the acoustic window.

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It is also possible only the B-2/A-43 system is needed for the whole job. The system is solder through and the heat of the solder will drive off the B-2 from the solder joint. The joint must be sealed with a spot coat of the B-2. The B-2 provides the system priming for fluoropolymer materials. The B-(X) products and other products such as polyurethane will bond to it as needed. Adding the B-(X) option allows a cure temperature below the 180°F limit with the electronics assembled. It also provides the option of potting a thick cross section and encapsulating the entire assembly in a homogeneous moisture seal.

\*With Teflon the bond will be adhesive rather than cohesive. Tefzel offers much tougher mechanical properties than Teflon, with a small sacrifice in chemical resistance. Tefzel and Teflon are trade names of Dupont.